

## What do logging employers say about the satisfactions of logging?

- “Seeing the beauty of nature every day and knowing that the trees you harvest are improving the forest by enabling new growth.”
- “The physical and mental benefit of working outdoors all day. The satisfaction of working with a team and getting a job done. The pay is more than factory or store work and comparable to construction work.”
- “Logging is a great way of life, and you get out what you put into it.”
- “Get to work outdoors. As long as you are self-motivating and willing to work, you work on your own and learn many mechanical skills.”
- “We treat our employees like family, so we try to promote a very safe workplace.”
- “Working out in the fresh air and never a dull moment.”
- “Once you obtain the necessary skills to perform your job function, you’re basically your own boss. Meet your production goals and maintain your equipment would be your only concern.”
- “You get to see God’s wonderful creations every day and enjoy being outdoors.”
- “We are serious about safety. We pay the entire crew an incentive bonus for achieving safety and production goals.”
- “Logging provides individuals with rewarding work, constantly changing work locations, and opportunities to interact with a lot of different individuals and situations.”
- “This job has long hours and sometimes unexpected duties, but you will receive respect and steady pay.”
- “Never the same routine!”
- “I will be committed to you and keeping you working if you will show up for work promptly daily and work hard while on the job.”
- “You get to work outdoors and see wildlife and the environment improve from good forest management practices and good logging practices.”
- “Woods is a great environment, people are very friendly, nice place to live.”

For more information, please visit [www.americanloggers.org/careers](http://www.americanloggers.org/careers) or contact:

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**Forest Resources Association** - 202-296-3937,  
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Special Thanks To: 

## IS WORKING AS A LOGGER FOR YOU?



Timber harvesting, the most basic forest management activity, is an important part of keeping both forests and the communities that depend on them healthy and sustainable. Skillful logging creates wildlife habitat and protects streams from erosion and landscapes from fire, while supporting our country’s seventh largest industry: forest product manufacturing.



Building products, paper products, and packaging materials are derived from harvested timber, as are a wide variety of consumer products, such as tissue and medical dressings—and new products are constantly under development. Forest-based materials are also becoming an important part of the quest for renewable energy. The people who harvest, process, and transport timber—loggers—make it all possible.



Nationwide, demand for forest products is growing, and the demand for logging services is also growing! What does it take to work in logging?



### Do you like:

- Outdoor, all-weather work?
- Teamwork?
- A “project” orientation, with new challenges each day?
- Overtime opportunities?
- Working with heavy equipment?
- Opportunities for advancement?
- The satisfaction of helping the environment?
- Life in a small community?

*Important: Are you drug-free?*

**A career in logging may be right for you!**

Most states have active logging associations. They can help you learn about local opportunities for entry-level logging workers and connect you with potential employers and training opportunities. Learn more at [www.americanloggers.org/careers](http://www.americanloggers.org/careers)

*The Occupational Safety and Health Administration classifies logging as a hazardous occupation, and logging workers must be at least 18 years of age.*



## What Is Logging Like?

Logging contractors, or timber harvesters, are small businesses. Most employ fewer than ten, although a few multi-crew operations may employ 50 or even 100 personnel. Some are integrated, full-service operations; others may specialize in thinning, in-woods chipping, or high-lead operations. Some logging contractors negotiate directly with landowners for harvesting rights; others contract to harvest and deliver timber purchased by others.

Logging is time-sensitive! A conventional work day begins early in the morning, often just before or after sunrise, and ends after a full day's work. Both markets and weather may require a crew to work overtime—or to work on maintenance when circumstances delay field operations.

## What Types of Jobs Are on a Logging Operation?

There are many configurations, but here are the general categories.



**Motor-Manual Logging Operation** – A chain saw operator fells the trees, a skidder operator skids them to a staging area, or landing, where a slasher operator, or sometimes a manual chain saw operator, cuts them to length, and a loader operator sorts them and lifts them onto a truck. A truck driver trims the load and transports it to market. On a “high-lead” operation, a suspended cable (rather than a skidder) conveys the harvested log to the landing.



**Mechanized Logging Operation** – Most operators work within machine cabs, rather than with chain saws. Contractors may use any of several harvesting and skidding configurations, all of which require skilled operators for cutting trees and skidding them to the landing. Methods for delimiting vary, from stationary “gates” (through which the skidder operator backs his “twitch” or “bunch”) to sophisticated mechanical means. A “knuckleboom loader” loads the trimmed trees or logs onto a truck for transport.



**Cut-To-Length Operation** – An operator within a cab with computerized measurement capabilities severs the standing tree and, still gripping it with a processor-head, strips off the limbs, and cuts it to specified lengths. A wheeled or tracked forwarder then picks up the processed pieces and transports the load to the landing. A loader then transfers the fully processed logs to the truck for transport.



**In-Woods Chipping Operation** – Many pulpwood and forest biomass loggers today convert their harvest to chips in the woods and deliver chips, rather than roundwood, to mills that use wood in that form. A grapple operator at the landing pushes harvested trees into the in-feed, where a mechanized process chips or grinds the stems and blows the resulting product into a van for transport to the mill.



**Also** – Most loggers build their own access roads and install temporary or permanent bridges or culverts; those tasks require skilled dozer or excavator operators. Loggers employ, or contract the services of, truck or van drivers, who must be able to navigate vehicles in the woods, as well as on the highway, to haul logs or wood chips to a mill or processing point. In addition, personnel trained as mechanics may be employed to undertake field- or shop repairs, although often equipment dealer organizations take most of that responsibility.